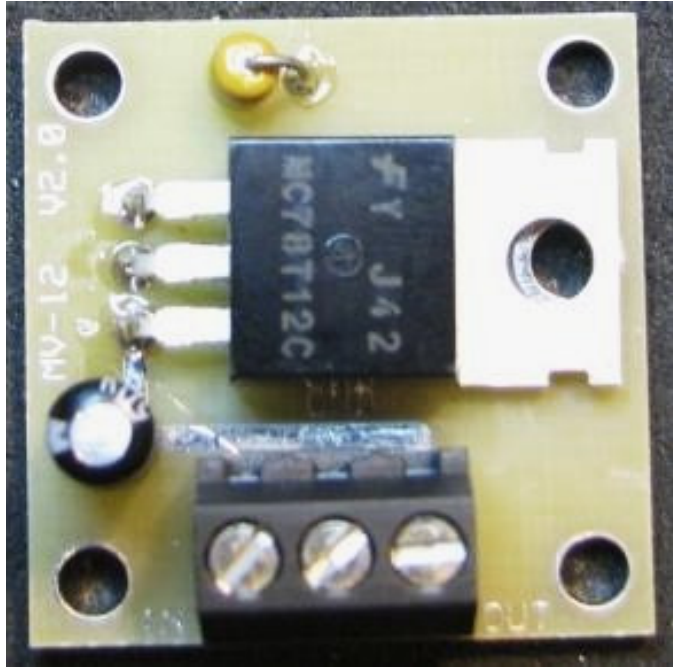


## MICRO-VOLT 12 Version 2.0

The Micro-Volt 12, Version 2.0 is a simple regulated power supply capable of supplying pulsed, 12 volt regulated power at currents in excess of 3 Amperes. The device may be used in continuous draw modes to supply quiescent power with a current draw in excess of 1 ampere without adding additional heat-sinking. This makes it ideal for application like the Micro-Trak transmitters, where standby power is moderate with pulsed power requirement of several Amperes during transmission.



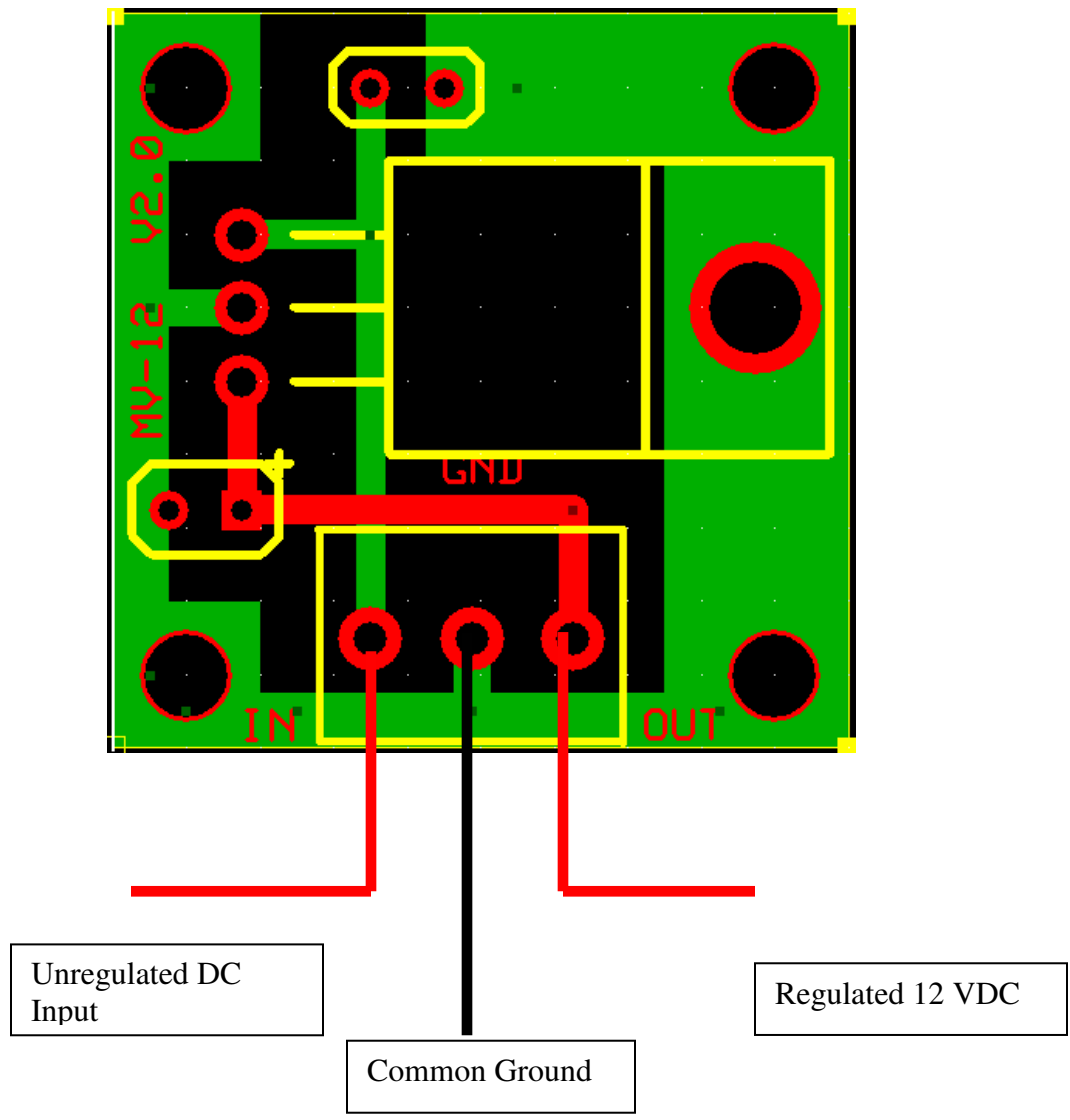
Unlike the previous generation of Micro-Volt 12, this power supply does not utilize an on-board LED to indicate power. This LED was superfluous and added heat and lighting in areas where it was not always desirable. An overview of the features of the Micro-Volt include:

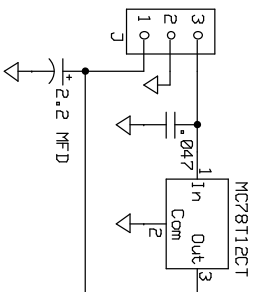
- **Output Current in Excess of 3.0A**
- **Output Transistor Safe Operating Area Compensation**
- **Power Dissipation: 25W**
- **Internal Short Circuit Current Limiting**
- **Internal Thermal Overload Protection**
- **Output Voltage Offered in 4% Tolerance**
- **Output Voltage 12 V**

The Micro-Volt 12 does not have any special front-end polarity protection, to minimize power losses associated with steering diodes or similar circuitry. Care must be taken not to apply reverse polarity voltages to the device.

The Printed Circuit board is designed with a common ground, so be cognizant of this when installing the device in vehicles or applications where there may be ground loops or positive grounds. The mounting screw holes in each corner are connected to ground, as is the regulator tab. Note that although there is a hole in the PC board that may be used to connect the voltage regulator to the board, no screw is required or included.

## Printed Circuit Board





## YHS Special Services

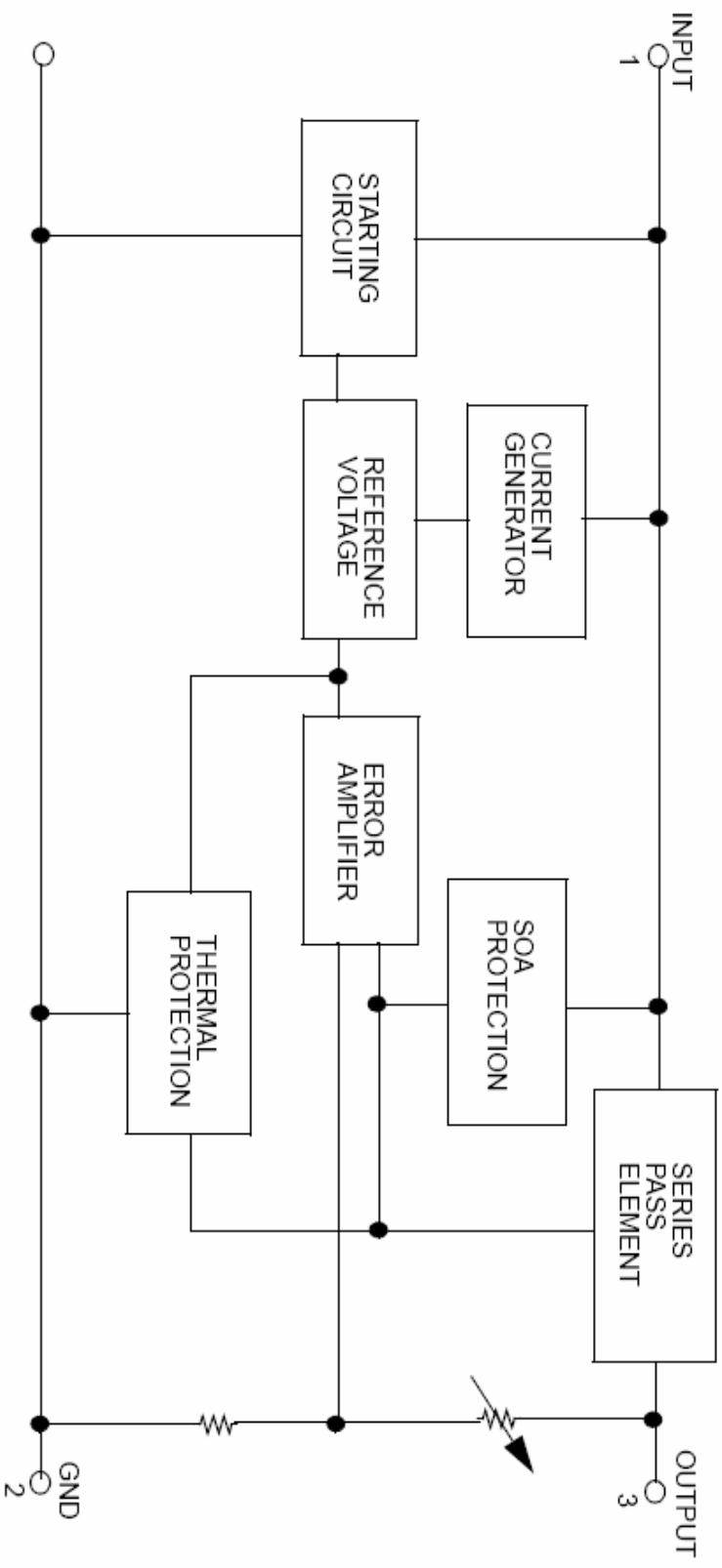
### Micro-Volt 12 V. 2.0

Allen R. Lord

Rev 1.0  
2/21/2009

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# Internal Block Diagram



## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Input Voltage (for $V_{O} = 5V$ to $12V$ ) (for $V_{O} = 15V$ )	$V_{I}$	35 40	V
Power Dissipation	PD	Internally limited	-
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Air (Note1, 2) $T_{a} = +25^{\circ}C$	$R_{\theta JA}$	65	$^{\circ}C/W$
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case (Note1) $T_{c} = +25^{\circ}C$	$R_{\theta JC}$	2.5	$^{\circ}C/W$
Operating Junction Temperature Range	$T_{J}$	0 ~ +125	$^{\circ}C$
Storage Temperature Range	$T_{STG}$	-65 ~ +150	$^{\circ}C$

### Note:

1. Thermal resistance test board  
Size: 76.2mm \* 114.3mm \* 1.6mm(1S0P)  
JEDEC standard: JESD51-3, JESD51-7
2. Assume no ambient airflow.

## Electrical Characteristics(KA78T05)

( $V_I = 10V$ ,  $I_O = 3.0 A$ ,  $0^\circ C \leq T_J \leq +125^\circ C$ ,  $P_O \leq P_{MAX}$  (Note3), unless otherwise specified.)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Output Voltage	$V_O$	$5mA \leq I_O \leq 3.0A$ , $T_J = +25^\circ C$ $7.3V \leq V_I \leq 20V$ , $5mA \leq I_O \leq 2.0A$	4.8 4.75	5.0 5.0	5.2 5.25	V
Line Regulation (Note4)	$\Delta V_O$	$7.2V \leq V_I \leq 35V$ , $I_O = 5mA$ , $T_J = +25^\circ C$ $7.2V \leq V_I \leq 35V$ , $I_O = 1.0A$ , $T_J = +25^\circ C$ $7.5V \leq V_I \leq 20V$ , $I_O = 2.0A$ , $T_J = +25^\circ C$ $8.0V \leq V_I \leq 12V$ , $I_O = 3.0A$ , $T_J = +25^\circ C$	-	3.0	25	mV
Load Regulation (Note4)	$\Delta V_O$	$5mA \leq I_O \leq 3.0A$ , $T_J = +25^\circ C$ $5mA \leq I_O \leq 3.0A$	-	10 15	30 80	mV mV
Thermal Regulation	REGT	Pulse = 10ms, $P = 20W$ $T_A = +25^\circ C$	-	0.002	0.03	% $V_O/W$
Quiescent Current	$I_Q$	$5mA \leq I_O \leq 3.0A$ , $T_J = +25^\circ C$ $5mA \leq I_O \leq 3.0A$	-	3.5 4.0	5.0 6.0	mA mA
Quiescent Current Change	$\Delta I_Q$	$7.2V \leq V_I \leq 35V$ , $I_O = 5mA$ $T_J = +25^\circ C$ ; $7.5V \leq V_I \leq 20V$ , $I_O = 2.0A$ ; $5mA \leq I_O \leq 3.0A$ , $T_J = +25^\circ C$	-	0.1	0.8	mA
Ripple Rejection	RR	$f = 120Hz$ , $8V \leq V_I \leq 18V$ , $I_O = 2.0A$ $T_J = +25^\circ C$	-	75	-	dB
Dropout Voltage	$V_D$	$I_O = 3A$ , $T_J = +25^\circ C$	-	2.2	2.5	V
Output Noise Voltage	$V_N$	$T_A = +25^\circ C$ , $10Hz \leq f \leq 100KHz$	-	10	-	$\mu V/V_O$
Peak Output Current	IPK	$T_A = +25^\circ C$	-	5.0	-	A
Output Resistance	$R_O$	$f = 1.0KHz$	-	2.0	-	$m\Omega$
Short Circuit Current Limit	Isc	$V_I = 35V$ , $T_J = +25^\circ C$	-	1.5	2.5	A
Average Temperature Coefficient of Output Voltage	$\Delta V_O/\Delta T$	$I_O = 5.0mA$	-	0.2	-	$mV/V/^\circ C$

### Note:

- Although power dissipation is internally limited, specifications apply only for  $P_O \leq P_{max}$ .  $P_{max} = 25W$
- Load and line regulation are specified at constant junction temperature. Change in  $V_O$  due heating effects must be taken into account separately. Pulse testing with low duty is used.